

Schedule 1. Matters Not Requiring a Faculty

Part 1. General Provisions

1.1 The matters which may be undertaken without a faculty are:

- (a) the introduction of a new memorial that complies with the specifications in Part 2 of this Schedule; and
- (b) the repair or alteration of an existing memorial as described in Part 3,

provided that they have been approved in accordance with the procedure set out in Schedule 2.

1.2 In this Schedule,

“base” means the component supporting a memorial on its foundation;

[“cremated remains tablet” means a rectangular stone or slate tablet placed above the cremated remains of the person commemorated, the upper face of which is flush with the surrounding ground;]

“foundation” means the element that connects a memorial to the ground and transfers the load from the memorial to the ground; the top surface of the foundation being flush with the surrounding ground or below ground level;

“grave” means a place of burial below ground level;

“headstone” means a “lawn memorial” or a “monolith memorial” erected at the head of a grave;

“incised” in relation to lettering, motifs, emblems or other images, includes being cut either by hand or by machine;

“inscription plate” means a stone forming part of a memorial, into which is incised lettering relating to the person whose body is buried there or whose death is being commemorated;

“lawn memorial” means an independent vertical inscription plate attached to a horizontal base which is fixed to a foundation;

“memorial” means a freestanding object installed in a churchyard in memory of the deceased;

“monolith memorial” means an independent vertical inscription plate set into a pre-cast concrete shoe-type foundation which is set directly into the ground;

“the British Standard” means British Standard BS 8415:2018 *Memorials within burial grounds and memorial sites – Specification*¹, or any similar standard that may replace BS 8415:2018;

¹ Copies of this may be inspected at major public libraries, or from some memorial masons.

“wooden cross memorial” means a memorial in the form of a wooden cross erected at the head of a grave, into which is incised the name of the person commemorated and the date on which that person died.

Part 2. The Introduction of a New Memorial

Basic principle

1.3 Any new memorial is erected so as to comply with the details specified in the British Standard, so far as relevant.

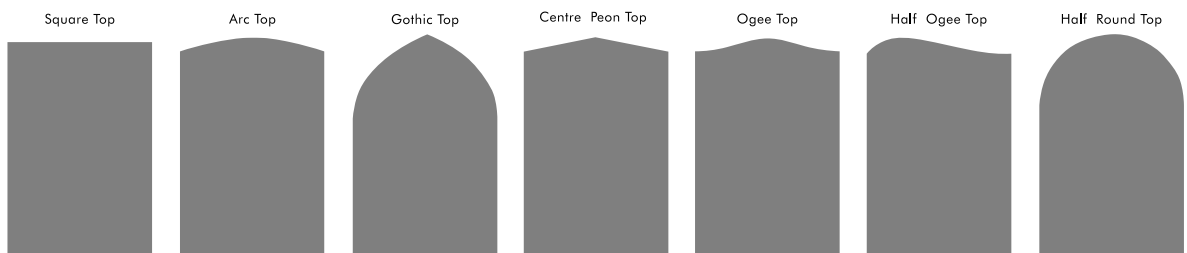
The form of a new memorial

1.4 The memorial is:

- (a) in the form of a headstone;
- (b) in the form of a wooden cross memorial;
- (c) in the form of a lawn memorial erected by or on behalf of the Commonwealth War Graves Commission;
- (d) [a cremated remains tablet];²
- (e) [a memorial in the form of an open book] [a memorial of some other description] [etc]³.

1.5 In the case of a headstone, the shape of the inscription plate is one of those in Diagram 1, or one similar to one of the shapes in that diagram.

Diagram 1



1.6 In the case of a wooden cross memorial, adequate provision is made to prevent premature degradation below ground level.

1.7 [Paragraph 1.4(d) does not apply where cremated remains are interred in a grave that is already marked by a headstone or a wooden cross memorial.]

² If sub-paragraph (d) is omitted, paragraphs 1.7, 1.12, and 1.18 and the words in square brackets in paragraphs 1.2, 1.15, 1.23, and 1.24 will also need to be omitted.

³ This sub-paragraph will need to be adapted depending on what category or categories of memorials are to be permitted in the diocese in addition to those in the previous sub-paragraphs; and paragraph 1.12 and/or 1.13 drafted accordingly.

- 1.8 The memorial does not include attached plaques, or kerbs, railings, chippings, statues, or other objects.
- 1.9 The memorial is located so that no part of it is closer than 1500mm to the wall of the church.

The dimensions of the memorial

1.10 In the case of a headstone:

- (a) the height of the memorial is between 450mm and 1220mm;
- (b) the width of the inscription plate is between 500mm and 915mm;
- (c) the thickness of the inscription plate fixed to a base is between 75mm and 105mm;
- (d) the thickness of a slate monolith is between 50mm and 105mm;
- (e) the base, if any, is not larger than 915mm in width, 460mm in depth (front to back), and 155mm thick.

1.11 In the case of a wooden cross memorial:

- (a) the height of the cross is between 750mm and 1220mm;
- (b) the width of the cross is between 500mm and 815mm;
- (c) the thickness of the timber is between 40mm and 55mm; and
- (d) the section of the memorial below the ground is at least one third of the height of the section above the ground.

1.12 [In the case of a cremated remains tablet:

- (a) the size and shape are similar to those of others in the immediate vicinity; and
- (b) in any case the longest dimension is not more than 450mm.]

1.13 [In the case of a memorial in the form described in paragraph 1.4(e):

- (a) the size and shape are similar to those of others in the immediate vicinity, and
- (b) the height of the memorial is between XXXmm and XXXmm; and
- (c) the width of the memorial is between XXXmm and XXXmm; and
- (d) the depth of the memorial is between XXXmm and XXXmm.]⁴

1.14 The height of a memorial is to be measured from ground level; and in the case of sloping ground or ground that has been re-contoured to accommodate the burial,

⁴ These dimensions will need to be determined, and others added if appropriate, in the light of what category or categories of memorial are permitted under paragraph 1.4(e).

“ground level” is the level of the ground immediately adjacent to the centre point of the rear of the base once the interment has been completed.

The materials and colour of the memorial

1.15 In the case of a headstone [or a cremated remains tablet], it is made of slate or one of the following types of natural stone:

- (a) sandstone;
- (b) limestone; or
- (c) granite.

1.16 The colour of the slate or stone is not such as to render the memorial discordant in the context of the church and churchyard.

1.17 In the case of a headstone, the principal surface of the inscription plate is not polished or reflective.

1.18 [In the case of a cremated remains tablet, the surface is not polished or reflective.]

The inscription on the memorial

1.19 Any inscription is:

- (a) factually accurate;
- (b) not considered by the minister to be likely to be offensive or controversial for any reason; and
- (c) not inconsistent with Christian doctrine.

1.20 The inscription includes:

- (a) the name of the person being commemorated (which may be or may include the name by which that person was generally known); and
- (b) the date or year in which that person died; and
- (c) either the date or year in which that person was born, or the age of that person at death.

1.21 Where any text in the inscription is in a language other than English, a translation has been supplied to the minister for retention in the parish records

1.22 Any lettering is

- (a) uncoloured; or
- (b) coloured in a single colour, which does not render the memorial discordant in the context of the church and churchyard.

1.23 Any lettering on:

- (a) the principal face of the inscription plate of a headstone;
- (b) a wooden cross; [or

- (c) a cremated remains tablet]

is incised into the face of the memorial and not more than 50mm in height.

1.24 In the case of a headstone [or a cremated remains tablet], any motif, emblem or other image forming part of the design of the memorial:

- (a) is of a character commonly found in churchyard memorials, or is relevant to the life of the person commemorated;
- (b) is a fitting complement to the wording forming the rest of the design;
- (c) does not exceed 20% of the face of the headstone; or, if there is more than one such, no more than 20% in total';
- (d) is incised into the stone;
- (e) is uncoloured, or coloured in such a manner that the memorial is not discordant in the context of the church and churchyard in a single colour; and
- (f) is not inconsistent with Christian doctrine.

1.25 In the case of a headstone, there is no lettering or other image other than on the principal face of the inscription plate, except for a reference to the mason (in lettering not higher than 15mm).

1.26 The memorial does not contain a QR code, or any other device intended to enable direct communication with an electronic resource.

Part 3. The Repair or Alteration of an Existing Memorial

1.27 Any existing memorial being repaired or altered has been lawfully introduced into the churchyard, or has been in place for at least six years.

1.28 If a memorial is removed and re-erected in the course of being repaired or altered, it is re-erected so as to comply with the details specified in the British Standard.

1.29 Any alteration of or addition to the inscription on a memorial is in the same style and finish as the original inscription; and the inscription on the memorial as altered complies with the paragraphs 1.19 to 1.26 above.